Photomultiplier Tube

2"- Diameter, 14-Stage, Head-On Type Havina S-11 Spectral Response

| Maying 3-11 Specific Response |
|--|
| GENERAL |
| Spectral Response S-11 |
| Wavelength of Maximum Response 4400 ± 500 Å |
| Cathode, Semitransparent Cesium-Antimony |
| Minimum projected area |
| Minimum diameter 1.68 in (4.2 cm) |
| Window Corning ^a No.0080, or equivalent |
| Shape Plano-Concave |
| Index of refraction at 4360 angstroms 1.523 |
| Dynodes: |
| Substrate Copper-Beryllium |
| Secondary-Emitting Surface Beryllium-Oxide |
| Structure In-Line, Electrostatic-Focus Type |
| Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.): |
| Anode to dynode No.14 |
| Anode to all other electrodes 6 pF |
| Dynode No.14 to all other electrodes 7.5 pF |
| Maximum Overall Length 7.5 in (19 cm) |
| Seated Length 6.69 in (17 cm) \pm 0.19 in |
| Maximum Diameter 2.38 in (6 cm) |
| Bulb T16 |
| Base Small-Shell Bidecal 20-Pin, JEDEC No.B20-102 |
| Socket Alden Part 220FTC, or equivalent |
| Magnetic Shield Millen No. 80802E, or equivalent |
| Operating Position Any |
| Weight (Approx.) 8 oz (226 g) |
| |
| MAXIMUM RATINGS, Absolute-Maximum Values: |
| DC Supply Voltage: |
| Between anode and cathode 2400 max. V |
| Between anode and dynode No.14 400 max. V |
| Between consecutive dynodes 500 max. V |
| Between accelerating electrode and grid No.13 |
| 9-1 1.0110 1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1. |

| Between dynode No.1 and cathode | . 400 max. V | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Between focusing electrode and cathode | | | |
| Average Anode Current | . 2 max. mA | | |
| Ambient Temperature 75 max. °C | | | |
| CHARACTERISTICS RANGE VALUES | | | |
| Voltage Distribution A, Table 1 | | | |
| With $E = 2000$ volts (Except as noted) | | | |
| Min. Typical | Max | | |
| Anode Sensitivity: | | | |
| Radiant ⁹ at 4400 angstroms . — 3 x 10 ⁶ | – A/W | | |
| Luminous ^h (2870° K)4.8 x 10 ² 3.8 x 10 ³ | 2 x 10 ⁴ A/lm | | |
| Cathode Sensitivity: | | | |
| Radiant at 4400 angstroms . — 0.056 | – A/W | | |
| Luminous ^k $(2870^{\circ} \text{ K})5 \times 10^{-5} 7 \times 10^{-5}$ | - A/lm | | |
| Current with blue light source ^m (2870° K + C.S. No.5-58) 5 x 10 ⁻⁸ 7 x 10 ⁻⁸ | – A | | |
| Quantum Effici- ency at 4200 angstroms . — 16 | - % | | |
| Current Amplification 5.4 x 10 ⁷ | _ | | |
| Anode Dark Current!! 1 x 10 ⁻⁶ | 3 x 10 ⁻⁶ A | | |
| Equivalent Anode Dark Current Input $\begin{array}{c} - & 5 \times 10^{-10} \\ - & 6.2 \times 10^{-13} \end{array}$ | 1.5 x 10 ⁻⁹ lm 1.8 x 10 ⁻¹² W | | |
| Equivalent Noise (- 3.3 x 10 ⁻¹² | — lm | | |
| Input ^q | _ w | | |
| Anode-Pulse Rise Time at 2400 V 3.1 x 10 ⁻⁹ | <u> </u> | | |
| Electron Transit Time at 2400 V $-$ 4.4 x 10^{-8} | _ s | | |
| a Made by Coming Glass Works, Corning, | NY 14830. | | |
| b Made by Alden Products Co., 262 N. M ton, MA 02403. | ain Street, Brock- | | |
| | change or addition. | | |

- ^c Made by James Millen Manufacturing Company, 150 Exchange Street, Malden, MA 02148.
- Averaged over any interval of 30 seconds maximum.
- Tube operation at room temperature or below is recommended.
- ⁹ This value is calculated from the typical anode luminous sensitivity rating using a conversion factor of 803 lumens per watt.
- h Under the following conditions: The light source is a tungsten-filament lamp having a lime-glass envelope. It is operated at a color temperature of 2870° K and a light input of 0.1 microlumen is used.
- i This value is calculated from the typical cathode luminous sensitivity rating using a conversion factor of 803 lumens per watt.
- Under the following conditions: The light source is a tungsten-filament lamp having a lime-glass envelope. It is operated at a color temperature of 2870° K. The value of light flux is 0.01 lumen and 200 volts are applied between cathode and all other electrodes connected as anode.
- ^m Under the following conditions: Light incident on the cathode is transmitted through a blue filter (Corning C.S. No.5-58, polished to 1/2 stock thickness—Manufactured by the Corning Glass Works, Corning, NY) from a tungsten-filament lamp operated at a color temperature of 2870° K. The value of light flux incident on the filter is 0.01 lumen and 200 volts are applied between cathode and all other electrodes connected as anode.
- ⁿ At a tube temperature of 22° C. With supply voltage adjusted to give a luminous sensitivity of 2000 amperes per lumen. Dark current caused by thermionic emission may be reduced by use of a refrigerant. Dark current is measured with incident light removed.
- P At 4400 angstroms. These values are calculated from the EADCI values in lumens using a conversion factor of 803 lumens per watt.
- ^q Under the following conditions: Tube temperature 22° C, external shield connected to cathode, bandwidth 1 Hz, tungsten-light source at a color temperature of 2870° K interrupted at a low audio frequency to produce incident

radiation pulses alternating between zero and the value stated. The "on" period of the pulse is equal to the "off" period.

- At 4400 angstroms. This value is calculated from the ENI value in lumens using a conversion factor of 803 lumens per watt.
- Measured between 10 per cent and 90 per cent of maximum anode-pulse height. This anode-pulse rise time is primarily a function of transit time variation and is measured under conditions with the incident light fully illuminating the photocathode.
- The electron transit time is the time interval between the arrival of a delta function light pulse at the entrance window of the tube and the time at which the output pulse at the anode terminal reaches peak amplitude. The transit time is measured under conditions with the incident light fully illuminating the photocathode.

TERMINAL DIAGRAM (Bottom View)

Pin 1: No Connection

Pin 2: Dynode No.1

Pin 3: Dynode No.3

Pin 4: Dynode No.5

Pin 5: Dynode No.7

Pin 6: Dynode No.9

Pin 7: Dynode No.11

Pin 8: Dynode No.13 Pin 9: Grid No.2

Pin 9: Grid No.

(Accelerating Electrode)

Pin 10: Anode

Pin 11: Dynode No.14

Pin 12: Dynode No.12

Pin 13: Dynode No.10

Pin 14: Dynode No.8

Pin 15: Dynode No.6

Pin 16: Dynode No.4

Pin 17: Dynode No.2

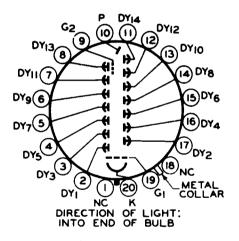
Pin 18: No Connection

Pin 19: Grid No.1 (Focusing Electrode)

Pin 20: Photocathode

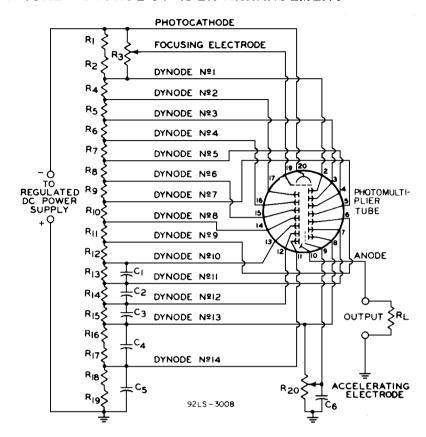
Metal Collar: No Connection

Note - If used, connect only to photocathode.



20 D

TYPICAL VOLTAGE-DIVIDER ARRANGEMENT



C₁: 25 pF, 20%, 600 volts (dc working), ceramic disc

C₂: 50 pF, 20%, 600 volts (dc working), ceramic disc

C₃: 100 pF, 20%, 600 volts (dc working), ceramic disc

 C_4 : 250 pF, 20%, 600 volts (dc working), ceramic disc C_5 : 500 pF, 20%, 600 volts (dc working), ceramic disc

C₆: 100 pF, 20%, 1000 volts (dc working), ceramic disc

R₁: 24000 ohms, 5%, 1 watt

 R_2 : 22000 ohms, 5%, 1 watt

R₃: 1 megohm, 20%, 2 watts, adjustable

R₄ through R₁₃: 22000 ohms, 5%, 1 watt

 R_{14} : 27000 ohms, 5%, 2 watts R_{17} : 18000 ohms, 5%, 2 watts

 R_{15}^{11} : 33000 ohms, 5%, 2 watts R_{18}^{11} : 22000 ohms, 5%, 2 watts

 R_{16}^{10} : 22000 ohms, 5%, 2 watts R_{19}^{10} : 22000 ohms, 5%, 2 watts

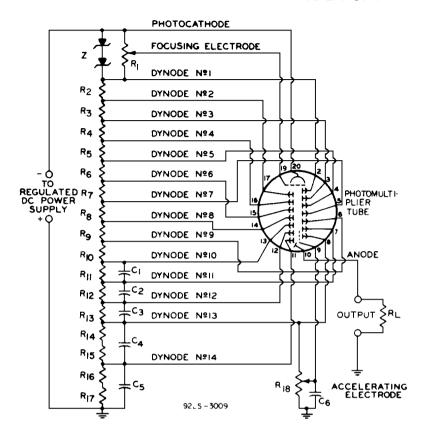
R₂₀: 10 megohms, 2 watts, adjustable

RL: Value will depend on magnitude of peak pulse voltage desired. For a peak pulse amplitude of 100 volts, the value is approximately 300 ohms.

Note 1: Adjustable between approximately 800 and 2400 volts dc.

Note 2: Component values are dependent upon nature of application and output signal desired.

TYPICAL VOLTAGE-DIVIDER ARRANGEMENT FOR CONSTANT VOLTAGE BETWEEN CATHODE AND DYNODE NO. 1



C₁: 25 pF, 20%, 600 volts (dc working), ceramic disc

C₂: 50 pF, 20%, 600 volts (dc working), ceramic disc

C₃: 100 pF, 20%, 600 volts (dc working), ceramic disc

C₄: 250 pF, 20%, 600 volts (dc working), ceramic disc

C₅: 500 pF, 20%, 600 volts (dc working), ceramic disc C₆: 100 pF, 20%, 1000 volts (dc working), ceramic disc

R₁: 5 megohms, 20%, 1/2 watt, adjustable

 R_2^- through R_{11} : 22000 ohms, 5%, 1 watt

 R_{12} : 27000 ohms, 5%, 2 watts R_{15} : 18000 ohms, 5%, 2 watts R_{16} : 22000 ohms, 5%, 2 watts

 R_{14}^{1} : 22000 ohms, 5%, 2 watts R_{17}^{1} : 22000 ohms, 5%, 2 watts

R₁₈: 10 megohms, 2 watts, adjustable

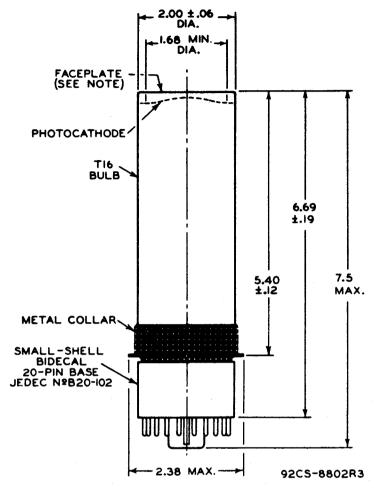
RI: Value will depend on magnitude of peak pulse voltage desired. For a peak pulse amplitude of 100 volts, the value is approximately 300 ohms.

Z: (2) - 180 V, 2 W zener diodes, or equivalent

Note 1: Adjustable between approximately 800 and 2400 volts dc.

Note 2: Component values are dependent upon nature of application and output signal desired.

DIMENSIONAL OUTLINE



© of bulb will not deviate more than 2° in any direction from the perpendicular erected at the center of bottom of the base.

Note: Deviation from flatness of external surface of faceplate will not exceed 0.005" from peak to valley.

Dimensions are in inches unless otherwise stated.

INCH DIMENSION EQUIVALENTS IN MILLIMETERS

| In ch | mm | Inch | mm | Inch | mm |
|-------|-----|------|------|------|-------|
| 0.06 | 1.5 | 1.68 | 42.6 | 5.40 | 137.1 |
| 0.12 | 3.0 | 2.00 | 50.8 | 6.69 | 169.9 |
| 0.19 | 4.8 | 2.38 | 60.4 | 7.5 | 190.5 |

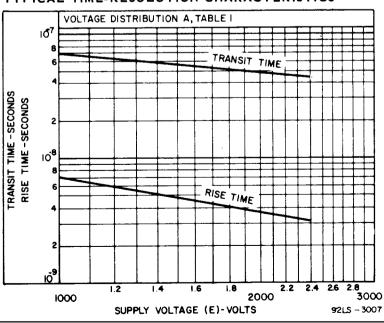


| | Table 1 | |
|---|--|---|
| | Voltage Distribution | |
| Between the fol- | ٨ | В |
| lowing Electrodes: Cathode (K), Dynode (Dy), and Anode (P) | 5.4% of Supply Voltage (E) multiplied by | 6.06% of Supply Voltage (E) multiplied by |
| K - Dy1 | 2 | • |
| Dy1 - Dy2 | 1 | 1 |
| Dy2 - Dy3 | 1 | 1 |
| Dy3 - Dy4 | 1 | 1 |
| Dy4 - Dy5 | 1 | 1 |
| Dy5 - Dy6 | 1 | 1 |
| Dy6 - Dy7 | 1 | 1 |
| Dy7 - Dy8 | 1 | 1 |
| Dy8 - Dy9 | 1 | 1 |
| Dy9 - Dy10 | 1 | 1 |
| Dy10 - Dy11 | 1 | 1 |
| Dy11 - Dy12 | 1.25 | 1.25 |
| Dy12 - Dy13 | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| Dy13 - Dy14 | 1.75 | 1.75 |
| Dy14 - P | 2 | 2 |
| Dy1 - P | <u> </u> | 16.5 |
| K-P | 18.5 | - |

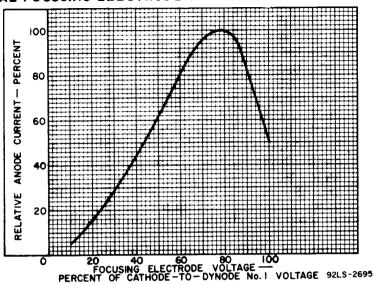
Focusing electrode is connected to arm of potentiometer between cathode and dynode No.1; the focusing electrode voltage is varied to give maximum anode current.

Cathode-to-dynode No. 1 voltage is maintained at 360 volts.

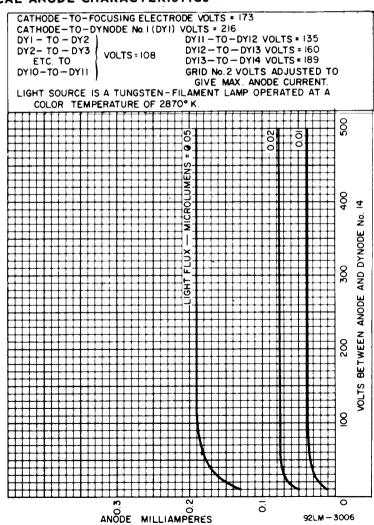
TYPICAL TIME-RESOLUTION CHARACTERISTICS



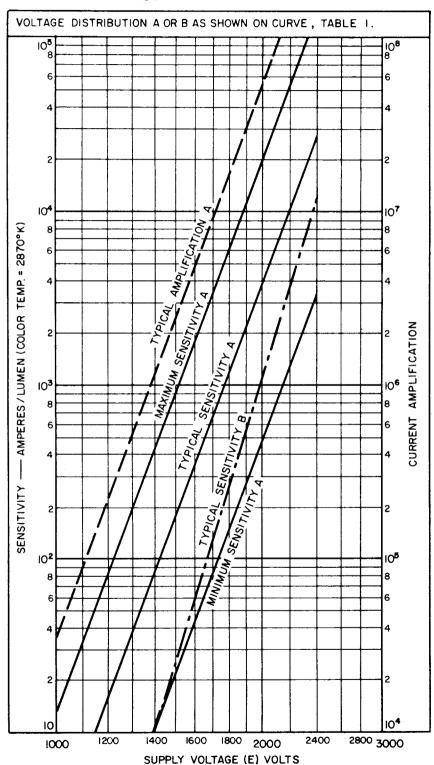
TYPICAL FOCUSING ELECTRODE CHARACTERISTIC



TYPICAL ANODE CHARACTERISTICS



SENSITIVITY AND CURRENT AMPLIFICATION CHARACTERISTICS



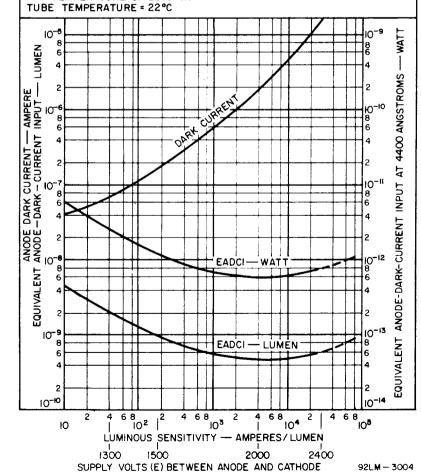
92LM - 3002

TYPICAL EADCI AND ANODE DARK CURRENT CHARACTERISTICS

LUMINOUS SENSITIVITY IS VARIED BY ADJUSTMENT OF THE SUPPLY VOLT-AGE (E) ACROSS VOLTAGE DIVIDER WHICH PROVIDES VOLTAGES AS FOLLOWS:

| BETWEEN | 5.4% OF E MULTIPLIED BY |
|--|---------------------------------------|
| CATHODE AND FOCUSING ELECTRODE CATHODE AND DYNODE No.1 (DY1) DY1 8 DY2 DY28 DY3 DY38 DY4 DY4 8 DY5 DY5 8 DY6 DY6 8 DY7 DY7 8 DY8 DY8 8 DY9 | 1.6 |
| DY9 & DYIO DYIO & DYII DYII & DYI2 DYI2 & DYI3 DYI3 & DYI4 DYI4 & ANODE ANODE & CATHODE | 1 1.25 1.5 1.75 2 18.5 |

GRID - No. 2 VOLTS ADJUSTED TO GIVE MAXIMUM ANODE CURRENT.
LIGHT SOURCE IS A TUNGSTEN - FILAMENT LAMP OPERATED AT A COLOR
TEMPERATURE OF 2870°K.



TYPICAL SPECTRAL RESPONSE CHARACTERISTICS

